## Antibiotic Susceptibility Patterns of Commonly Isolated Bacteria for July 2024-June 2025

Numbers below represent percent of susceptible isolates (no. of isolates tested)

WAKEFIELD ICU (Wake 5 ICU)	n	Ampicillin	Ampicillin-Sulbactam	Aztreonam	Cefazolin	Cefepime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Ciprofloxacin	Clindamycin	Daptomycin <sup>2</sup>	Gentamicin	Levofloxacin	Linezolid	Meropenem	Nitrofurantoin <sup>3</sup>	Oxacillin	Penicillin G	Piperacillin- Tazobactam	Tetracycline	Tobramycin	Trimethoprim- Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin
Acinetobacter baumannii complex <sup>1</sup>	7		1		İ	1		1	1			1			1	1			1		1	1	
Enterobacter cloacae <sup>1</sup>	8		T	1		1		1	1			1			1				1		1	1	
Escherichia coli	61	36%	38%	70%	54%	69%		69%	41%			75%			100%	92% <sup>1</sup>			64%		70%	57%	
Klebsiella pneumoniae <sup>1</sup>	46		63%	<b>72</b> %	63%	<b>72</b> %		<b>70</b> %	65%			98%			100%	38% <sup>1</sup>			<b>67</b> %		93%	<b>74</b> %	
Proteus mirabilis <sup>1</sup>	13	46%	69%	<b>77</b> %	0%	85%		85%	46%			<b>77</b> %							85%		92%	69%	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	34			67%		79%			74%			94%			74%				62%		1		
Serratia marcescens <sup>1</sup>	7			1		1		1	1			1			1				1		1	1	
Stenotrophomonas maltophilia <sup>1</sup>	11						36%						73%									100%	
Staphylococcus aureus <sup>1</sup>	62				67%					57%		93%					67%	0%		89%		91%	100%
Staphylococcus epidermidis <sup>1</sup>	19				58%					58%		88%					58%	0%		73%			100%
Staphylococcus lugdenesis <sup>1</sup>	1				1					1		1					1	1		1			1
Enterococcus faecalis <sup>1</sup>	12	100%												100%		,			_				92%
Enterococcus faecium <sup>1</sup>	3	1									1			1									1
Enterococcus faecalis (Urine) <sup>1</sup>	2	1												1									1
Enterococcus faecium (Urine) <sup>1</sup>	7	1									1			1									1

denotes antibiotics that are not routinely tested against or known to be clinically relevant treatment options for the specific organisms

10<sup>+</sup> % decrease in susceptibility from 2022-2023 antibiogram

10<sup>+</sup> % inrease in susceptibility from 2022-2023 antibiogram

10<sup>+</sup>% decrease in susceptibility compared to global inpatient population

10<sup>+</sup>% increase in susceptibility compared to global inpatient population

1 Organisms with fewer than 30 isolates should be interpreted with caution as small numbers may bias group susceptibilities

2 For E. faecalis, daptomycin is not recommended due to cost and the availability of an agent with a narrower spectrum of activity

3 For treatment of uncomplicated urinary tract infection with CrCl > 30mL/min only